## Activity Sheet 1: Reading a Stock Quote Table

Stock quote interpretation from www.investopia.com/university/stocks/


Columns 1 \& 2: 52-Week Hi and Low - The highest and lowest prices at which a stock has traded over the previous 52 weeks (one year). This typically does not include the previous day's trading.

Column 3: Company Name \& Type of Stock - The name of the company. If there are no special symbols or letters following the name, it is common stock. Different symbols imply different classes of stock; for example, "pf" means preferred stock.

Column 4: Ticker Symbol - The unique alphabetic name which identifies the stock. On financial TV, stock symbols and latest prices move along the ticker at the bottom of the screen. If you are looking for stock quotes online, always search for a company by its ticker symbol. If you don't know what a company's ticker symbol is, you can find it using the SMG investor research site.

Column 5: Dividend Per Share - The annual dividend payment per share. If the space is blank, the company does not currently pay dividends.

Column 6: Dividend Yield - The percentage return on the dividend, calculated as annual dividend per share divided by price per share.

Column 7: Price/Earnings Ratio - Calculated by dividing the current stock price by earnings per share from the last four quarters.

Column 8: Trading Volume - Total number of shares traded for the day, listed in hundreds. To get the actual number traded, add " 00 " to the end of the number listed.

Column 9 \& 10: Day High \& Low - The maximum and the minimum prices people have paid for the stock on this trading day.

Column 11: Close - The last trading price recorded when the market closed that day. If the closing price is up or down more than $5 \%$ over the previous day's close, the listing for the stock is bold-faced. Remember, you won't necessarily get this price if you buy the stock the next day because the price is constantly changing (even after the exchange is closed for the day). The close is an indicator of past performance and, except in extreme circumstances, is a guideline of what you should expect to pay.

Column 12: Net Change - The dollar value change in the stock price from the previous day closing price. When you hear a stock was "up for the day," that means the net change was positive.

