### Gr. 1 Addition & Subtraction

# CC.1.OA.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10.

### **EXAMPLE 1**

Katie Martin prepared to teach her 1st grade students about the sums of two one-digit numbers. She gathered together gummed stars in two colors and construction paper. She gave pairs of students construction paper on which she had written an addition fact. Each child was asked to display an addend with different colored stars and then the pair was asked to add all the stars by counting on from the greater number of stars. The students displayed all their work to make a "sky" full of addition facts .

### **EXAMPLE 2**

Ms. Brennan knew from her preassessment that her grade one students were at very different developmental levels with respect to their understanding of addition. Of two one-digit numbers. One group of students needed manipulates to visualize the addition and subtraction facts. They used manipulatives, like dominos, and counters to "count on." Another group was working on accuracy and speed with their facts. They worked in pairs to check each other's work. A final group, ready for more abstract thinking, was invited to use a 100s chart to note patterns among the columns and rows (e.g., 10s, 9s) and present their findings to the class.

_	Content	ч	Learning Activities
	Assessment		Resources
	Grouping		Extensions
	Introduction		Modification
	Teaching Strategies		Products

# Common Core and Differentiated Instruction

Name:

Date:

Curricular Component	Definition
Content (Standards)	Content is what we want students to know, understand, and do as a result of our curriculum and instruction.
	Standards must be "deconstructed" into learning targets (knowledge, reasoning, skill, product)

### **Best on the Web**

Kentucky: Unpacking of the ELA CCSS

http://www.education.ky.gov/KDE/Instructional+Resources/

Curriculum+Documents+and+Resources/

English+Language+Arts+Deconstructed+Standards.htm

Kentucky: Unpacking of the Math CCSS

http://www.education.ky.gov/KDE/Instructional+Resources/

Curriculum+Documents+and+Resources/

Mathematics+Deconstructed+Standards.htm

### **Deconstruct Standings into Learning Targets:**

Knowledge	Reasoning	Skill	Product
Targets	Targets	Targets	Targets

## Notes

Curricular Component	Definition
Resources	<ul> <li>Resources are materials that support learning during the teaching and learning activities.</li> </ul>
	These resources will be varied to accommodate student differences, reading comprehension levels, learning preferences, and interests.
	Resources should include print and non print sources, internet, and human resources.

Curricular Component	Definition
Grouping Strategies	<ul> <li>Well-designed grouping strategies are aligned with the learning goals.</li> <li>Effective grouping strategies are varied and change frequently to accommodate students' interests, questions, learning preferences, prior knowledge, or learning rate and zone of proximal development.</li> <li>Group membership changes frequently based upon learning goals and assessment of student learning</li> </ul>

# Notes

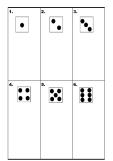
Curricular Component	Definition
Introductory Activities	An introduction sets the stage for a unit. Components may include:  (1) a focusing question, (2) a needs assessment to determine students' prior knowledge, interests, (3) a "hook" to motivate students' (4) information about the relevance of the targets and unit expectations, (5) information about expectations for students, and (6) consideration of students' interests in or experiences that connect with the unit topic.

	Capture	Captivate	Close
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Definition
A unit's learning activities are those cognitive experiences that help students perceive, process, rehearse, store, and transfer knowledge, understanding, and skills.

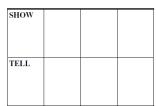
### **Choice Boards (Breadth):**

Tic Tac Toe, Learning Menus Show and Tell RAFTS Analytic, Practical, Analytic Cubes/Thinkdots

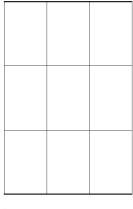


Tiered Assignments (Depth):

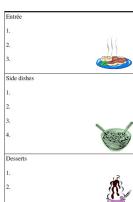




Role	Audience	Format	Topic



Tic Tac Toe



Curricular Component	Definition
Modifications for Learner Need (Ascending the Level of Intellectual Demand)	Teachers can enhance learning by optimizing the match between the curriculum and students' unique learning needs. One kind of modification is referred to as "Ascending Levels of Intellectual Demand."

Extension - Extension activities are	Curricular Component
<ul> <li>Activities preplanned or serendipitous experiences that emerge from learning targets and students' interests.</li> <li>Provide for student choice.</li> <li>Open-ended, authentic, generate excitement for and investment in learning.</li> </ul>	-

Curricular Component	Definition
Products	Products are performances or work samples created by students that provide evidence of student understanding and learning.
	Products can represent daily or short-term student learning, or can provide longer-term culminating evidence of student knowledge, understanding, and skill.
	High-quality products often double as assessment tools.

Curricular Component	Definition
Teaching Strategies (method, pedagogy)	<ul> <li>Teaching strategies are methods teachers use to introduce, explain, demonstrate, model, coach, guide, transfer, or assess in the classroom.</li> <li>Aligned to learning targets</li> <li>Promote student involvement</li> <li>Provide support, feedback and scaffolding.</li> </ul>

Direct Instruction and/or Lecture

**Drill and Recitation** 

**Concept Attainment** 

Socratic Questioning

Simulation

Inquiry Based Instruction/Learning

Project Based Learning (PBL) [

**Independent Study** 

**Best on the Web** 

http://www.bie.org/

http://wveis.k12.wv.us/

Significant Content

21st Century Skills

In-Depth Inquiry

**Diving Question** 

Need to Know

Voice and Choice

Revision and Reflection

Public Audience



# Notes

Curricular Component	Definition		
Assessments	Assessments are varied tools and techniques teachers use to determine the extent to which students have mastery of learning targets.		
	Inform instruction		
	Diagnostic, formative, summative		
	Aligned with learning targets.		

	Selected Response	Extended Written Response	Performance Task Assessment	Personal Communication
Knowledge	Good	Good	Not so good – too time con- suming	OK – but time consuming
Reasoning	Good (some reason- ing)	Good	Good	Good
Skills	Not good	Not good	Good	Good (oral communication)
Products	Not good	Good (when written product)	Good	Not good.